



In English

Primary five

First term



Name: ....

Class: ....

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Unit 1

We plant our food.

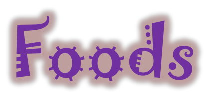
نحن نزرع طعامنا.

Sunset

Just do it.



Lesson 1



Foods

Vocabulary

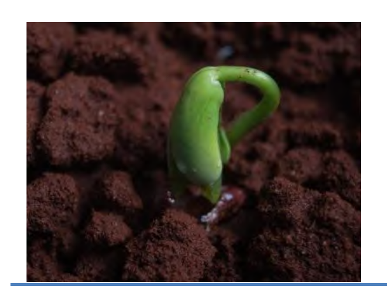
bananas	موز	lemons / limes	ليمون
beans	فول	mangoes	مانجا
cakes	كعكات	milk	لبن
candy	حلوي	onions	بصل
chocolate	شيكولاته	pineapples	اناناس
coconuts	جوز الهند	rice	أرز
eggs	بيض	chickpeas	حمص
production	انتاج	farm	مزرعة
dinner	عشاء	table	منضدة
some	بعض	any	أي

Verbs

present		past
plant	يزرع	Planted
eat	يأكل	ate
drink	يشرب	drank
count	يعد	counted
there is / are	يوجد	there was / were

Reading

The production of chickpeas from the farm to the dinner table.








We plant chickpeas.	The chickpeas grow.	We crop chickpeas.	We can eat chickpeas.

Grammar

Singular and plural

المفرد والجمع

الاسم
noun

مفرد

جمع

Singular	
an apple	تفاحة
a chair	كرسي
a pen	قلم
a teacher	معلم

Plural	
apples	تفاح
chairs	كراسي
pens	أقلام
teachers	معلمون

ملحوظة: الكلمة في اللغة الإنجليزية لا تدل على عدد عشان كدا لو عايزها مفرد حطلها *a/an* في أولها، ولو عايزها جمع حطلها *s* في الاخر لو جمع منتظم.

مفرد

Ex: I bought a <u>book</u> yesterday.

جمع

I bought <u>books</u> yesterday.

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* أمتى نحط a وامتى نحط an

نحط an لو حصل مشكلة لو الجملة بدأت بصوت (أ) او (إ) غير كدا حط a.

تدريب: ضع a/an

1- Ahmed is ………… doctor.

2- she likes ………… banana.

3- I rode ………… elephant.

4- I bought ………… new mouse for my computer.

5- She eats ………… cookies.

an egg بيضة

a table منضدة

an umbrella شمسية

a uniform زى موحد

a hen دجاجة

an hour ساعة

Countable nouns and uncountable nouns

الاسماء التي تعد والتي لا تعد

الاسماء التي تعد والتي لا تعد

الاسم الذي يعد		الاسم الذي لا يعد
هو الاسم الذي يمكن عده وله مفرد وجمع		هو الاسم الذي لا يمكن عده وليس له مفرد ولا جمع
a banana	bananas	water
a cake	cakes	candy
an egg	eggs	salt
a lemon	lemons	chocolate

a / an

تسبق الاسم المفرد الذي يعد و عرفنا امتي نحط a و أمتي نحط an.

There is a banana. يوجد موزه.

There is an apple. يوجد تفاح.

يوجد بيضة. …………………………………………………………………………

يوجد جوزه هند. …………………………………………………………………………

some / any

some بعض	any أي
يأتوا قبل الاسم الجمع او الاسم الذي لا يعد	
تأتي في الجملة المثبتة. There are some cakes. There is some milk.	تأتي في الجمله المنفيه وفي السؤال There aren't any cakes. Is there any milk?

يوجد بعض البيض. ....

أنا لا امتلك أي أرز. ....

هل يوجد أي ليمون؟ ....

هو عنده بعض الشيكولاته. ....

يوجد بصلة. ....

** Choose the correct answer:*

1- There is (a - an - some - any) Mangoe.

2- She doesn't have (a - an - some - any) grapes.

3- We have (a - an - some - any) lemons.

4- Are there (a - an - some - any) cakes?

5- Is there (a - an - some - any) egg?

6- Ahmed drank (a - an - some - any) milk.

7- I ate (a - an - some - any) coconuts.

8- Sara doesn't have (a - an - some - any) pineapples.



Homework

1- Fill in the gapes:

(grow – chickpeas – eat – farm)

Hany is a good boy. He helps his father at the ………………………… . They ……………………… fruits and vegetables. They plant …………………… . When chickpeas grow, they sell them to the supermarket.

2- Choose the correct answer:

1- We take the chickpeas from the ………………………… .

a. school b. farm c. sea d. lake

2- There are ………………………… chickpeas on the table.

a. a b. an c. some d. any

3- My dad grew ………………………… lemon tree in the garden.

a. a b. an c. some d. any

4- I don't have ……………………………. grapes.

a. a b. an c. some d. any

5- We take the chickpeas from the farm to the dinner ………………….

a. table b. chair c. time d. lunch

6- I ate ……………………. pineapple.

a. a b. an c. some d. any

3- Read and answer:

I'm Taha. My grandfather is a farmer. He lives in a village in Beheira government. He grows a lot of fruits and vegetables. He plants some bananas, grapes and onions. He doesn't grow any lemons or apples. He has some animals. He has a cow and a donkey. My grandmother is very kind. She always makes some cakes for us. I love my grandfather and grandmother.

A) Choose the correct answer:

1- Taha's grandfather is a …………………… .

a. farmer b. teacher c. doctor d. engineer

2- Taha's grandfather plants ………………………… .

a. lemons b. bananas c. apples d. cows

3- Taha's grandfather has …………………… kinds of animals.

a. three b. four c. one d. two

B) Answer the following questions:

1- Where does Taha's grandfather live?

……………………………………………………………………………………………………

2- What does Taha's grandmother make for them?

……………………………………………………………………………………………………

4- Punctuate the following sentence:

are there any lemons at ahmed s farm

……………………………………………………………………………………………

Lesson 2

Recipe of basbousa

Vocabulary

ingredients	مكونات	together	معا
legumes	بقوليات	large	كبير
seeds	بذور	container	وعاء
energy	طاقة	yogurt	زبادي
recipe	وصفة	butter	ذبدة
basbousa	بسبوسة	combine	يخلط
semolina	سميد (لباب الخبز)	thick	ثميك
sugar	سكر	batter	خليط
baking powder	مسحوق خبز	greased	مدهون
pan	طاسة	absorbed	تمتص
petals	بتلات	full-fledged	مكتمل
syrup	شراب مركز	snack	
tbsp	معلقة كبيرة	tsp	معلقة صغيرة

Verbs

present		past
whisk	يخفق	whisked
add	يضيف	added
melt	يذوب	melted
pour	يسكب	poured
bake	يخبز	baked
boil	يغلي	boiled
serve	يقدم	served



Reading

How to make Basbousa

كيفية عمل البسبوسة

Ingredients of Basbousa:



* 2 Semolina
* 1 cup suger
* 2 tsbsp Honey
* 1 tsp Baking Powder
* 8 - 10 Almonds (Chopped)
* 1/2 cup Melted butter

For the Syrup:



* 1 cup suger
* 1 cup water
* 1 tbsp Lemon Juice
* 1 tbsp Dried Rose Petals

How to make Basbousa:

1. Whisk the semolina, suger and baking powder together in a large container.
2. Add the yougert, melted butter and combine well to make a thick batter.
3. pour the batter into the greased baking pan. Bake for 30-45 minutes until crispy and golden brown.

For Lemon & Rose Syrup:

1. Boil water in a pan and add lemon extracts, juice, sugar and dried rose petals.
2. Boil for 5-10 minute until the syrup thickens.
3. pour the syrup over the still hot cake and allow it to be absorbed, at least an hour.
4. serve after a complete full-fledged meal or as an evening snack with a cup of black coffee or tea.

Language

العرض و الطلب

تخيل عزيزي الطالب انك في السوبر ماركت او في السوق نازل تشتري شويه حاجات لماما هتقول ايه للبياع وهو هيقلك ايه:

*** هو هيقلك انت عايز ايه هيقله ازاي ؟؟؟؟**

- Hello! What would you like? مرحبا ماذا تود؟

هترد عليه وتقله:

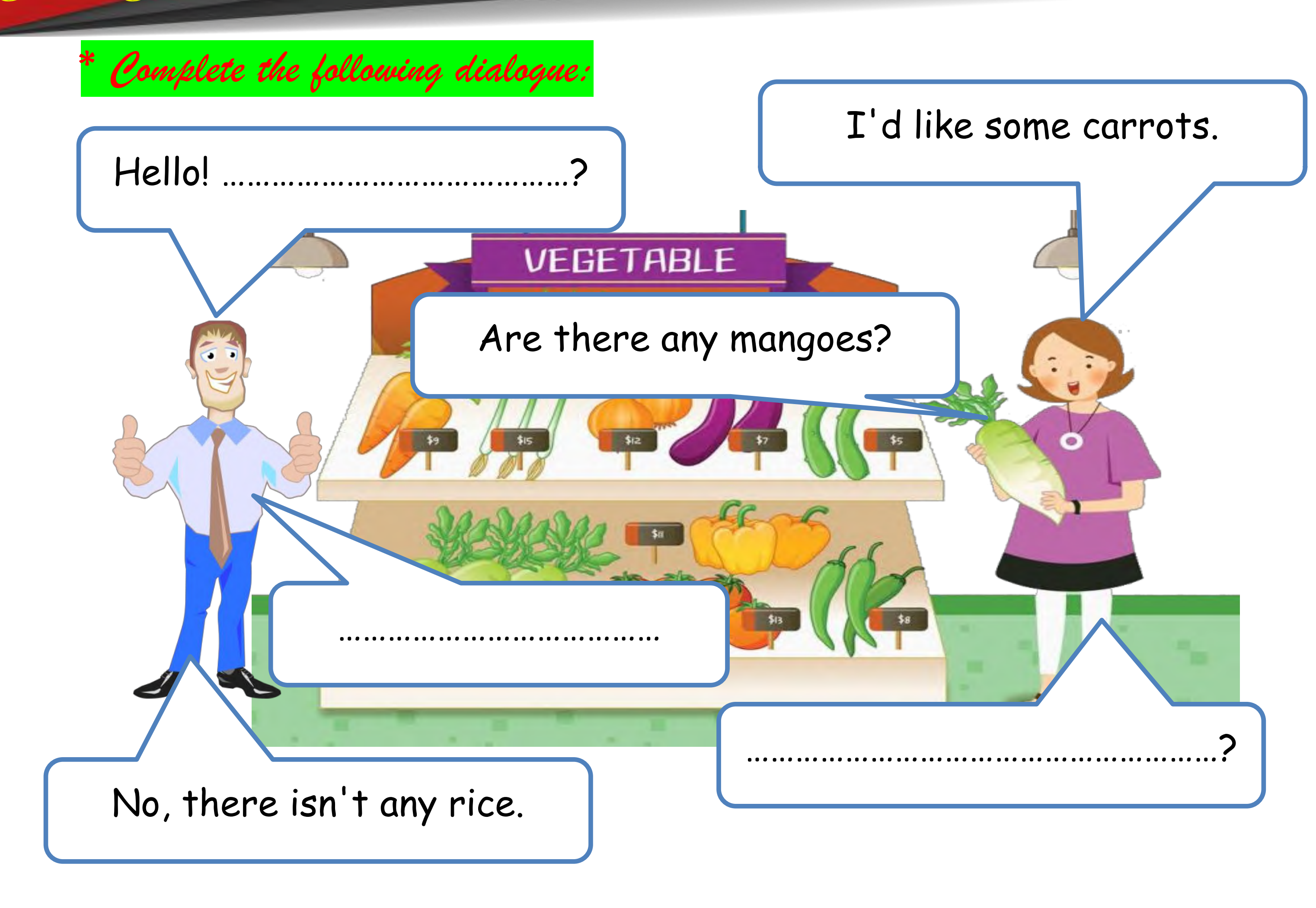
- I'd like some + الشيء + ,please. أنا اود بعض الـ .... من فضلك.

I'd like some carrots ,please.

*** لو عايز تسال عن حاجه معينه وعايز تعرف هي موجوده في المحل ولا لا هتقول:**

- Are there any + (جمع) الشيئ?	**- Is there any + (لا يعد) الشيئ?**
Are there any beans?	Is there any milk?
Yes, there are. لو موجود هيقلك.	Yes, there is. لو موجود هيقلك.
No, there aren't. لو مش موجود هيقلك.	No, there isn't. لو مش موجود هيقلك.

* Complete the following dialogue:



الاقتراح

* تخيل بقا انك روحت مع ماما السوق وفي حاجه عجبتك وعايز ماما تجبهالك هتقولها ايه:

How about buying some + الشيء? **ايه رايك نشتروا ....؟**

How about buying some coconuts?

وللرد هتقول

- That's good idea! انها فكرة جيدة!
- That's bad idea! انها فكرة سيئة!



*** Choose the correct answer:**

1- Hello! ……………………… would you like?

a. When b. How c. What d. Why

2- Are there ……………………… coconuts?

a. a b. an c. some d. any

3- Is there any rice? - No, there …………………

a. is b. isn't c. are d. aren't

4- How about ……………………… some bananas?

a. buy b. bought c. buying d. to buy

Phonics

Single-syllable words

الكلمات التي تتكون من مقطع واحد

في كلمات تتكون من مقطع واحد و كلمات تتكون من مقطعين او تلاته او أكتر:

الكلمات التي تتكون من مقطع واحد فيها صوت متحرك واحد

Single-syllable words = a vowel sound

لاحظ الكلمات التاليه كلها single syllable words:

cake lime beans grape egg	rice candy rain gray milk



Homework

1- Complete the following dialogue:

Ahmed : Hello!

Salesman: Hello! What would you ……………………?

Ahmed : I'd like ………………… grapes.

Salesman: Help yourself أتفضل.

Ahmed : Are there …………………… coconuts?

Salesman: Yes, there ……………………… .

2- Choose the correct answer:

1- The …………………… od basbousa is 2 Semolina, a cup of sugar and some honey.

a. ingredients b. instructions c. recipe d. syrup

2- We Whisk the ingredients in a large ……………………… .

a. bag b. kitchen c. container d. room

3- …………………… there any rice? Yes, there is.

a. Are b. Am c. Is d. Was

4- Is there any ……………………?

a. coconuts b. grapes c. cakes d. milk

5- ………………… about buying some pineapples?

a. How b When c. Where d. Who

3- Rearrange the following sentences:

1- baking - **Pour** - pan - into - the greased - the batter.

……………………………………………………………………………………………………

2- What - **Hello!** - like - would - you?

……………………………………………………………………………………………………

3- in - water - a - **Boil** - pan.

……………………………………………………………………………………………………

4- about - coconuts - buying - **How** - some?

……………………………………………………………………………………………………

4- Write a paragraph of (25) words about:

"How to make basbousa"

(Whisk – Add – Pour – Bake)

……………………………………………………………………………………………………

……………………………………………………………………………………………………

……………………………………………………………………………………………………

……………………………………………………………………………………………………

……………………………………………………………………………………………………

5- Punctuate the following sentences:

no there isn t any rice

……………………………………………………………………………………………………



Lesson 3

Food chain

Vocabulary

food chain	سلسله الغذاء	fairy tale	قصة خيالية
rows	صفوف	beanstalk	شجرة الفاصوليا
harvest	حصاد / محصول	poor	فقير
producers	منتجين	forest	غابة
consumers	مستهلكين	money	مال
decomposers	محللات	magic bean	فاصوليا سحريه
primary	ابتدائي	exchange	يغير – يبدل
secondary	ثانوي	realize	يدرك
tertiary	بعد ثانوي	curious	فضولي
castle	قلعة	husband	زوج
giant	عملاق	gold	ذهب
grabbed	اقتطف	death	موت
chopped	قطع	oven	فرن

Verbs

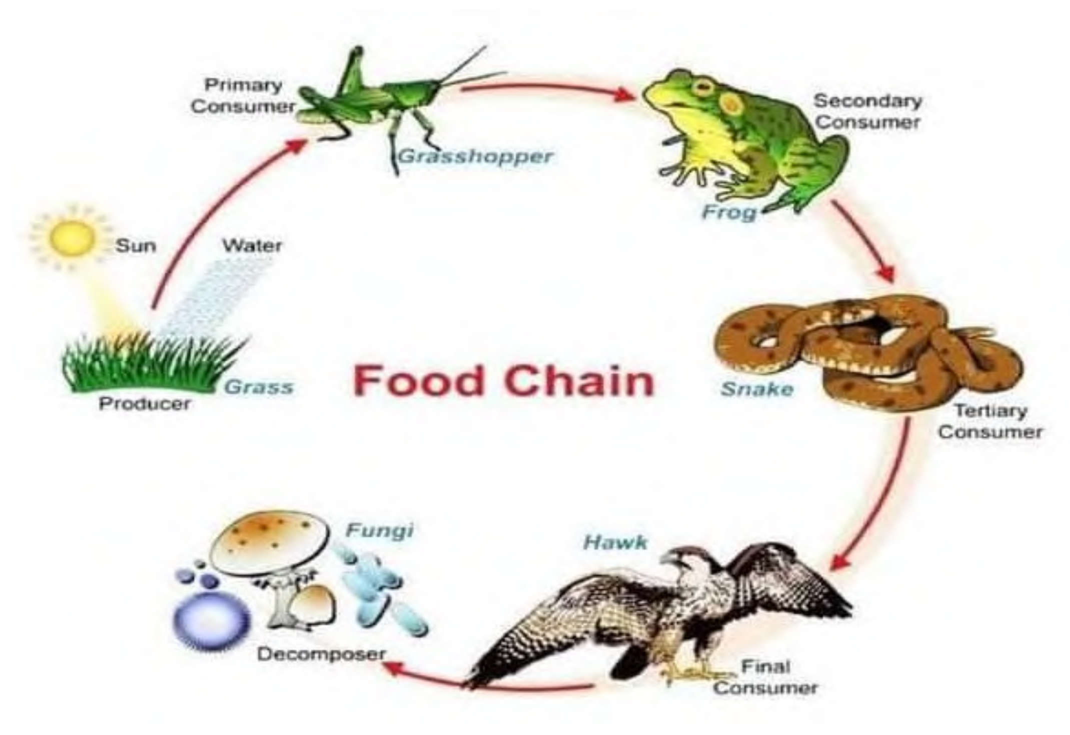
present		past
chase	يطارد	chased
steal	يسرق	stole
sell	يبيع	sold
produce	ينتج	produced
live	يعيش	lived
climb	يتسلق	climbed
see	يري	saw



Science lesson

Food chain

السلسه الغذائية



1. Plants are **producers**. Plants use energy from the sun and water to make their own food.
2. Insects and animals are **consumers**. They can't make their own food so they eat plants and other animals.
3. When living things die the provide food for decomposers.
4. **Decomposers** clean the dead materials and give it back to the soil.
5. Plants need these materials to make their own food and so the process starts again. This process is called **the food chain**.

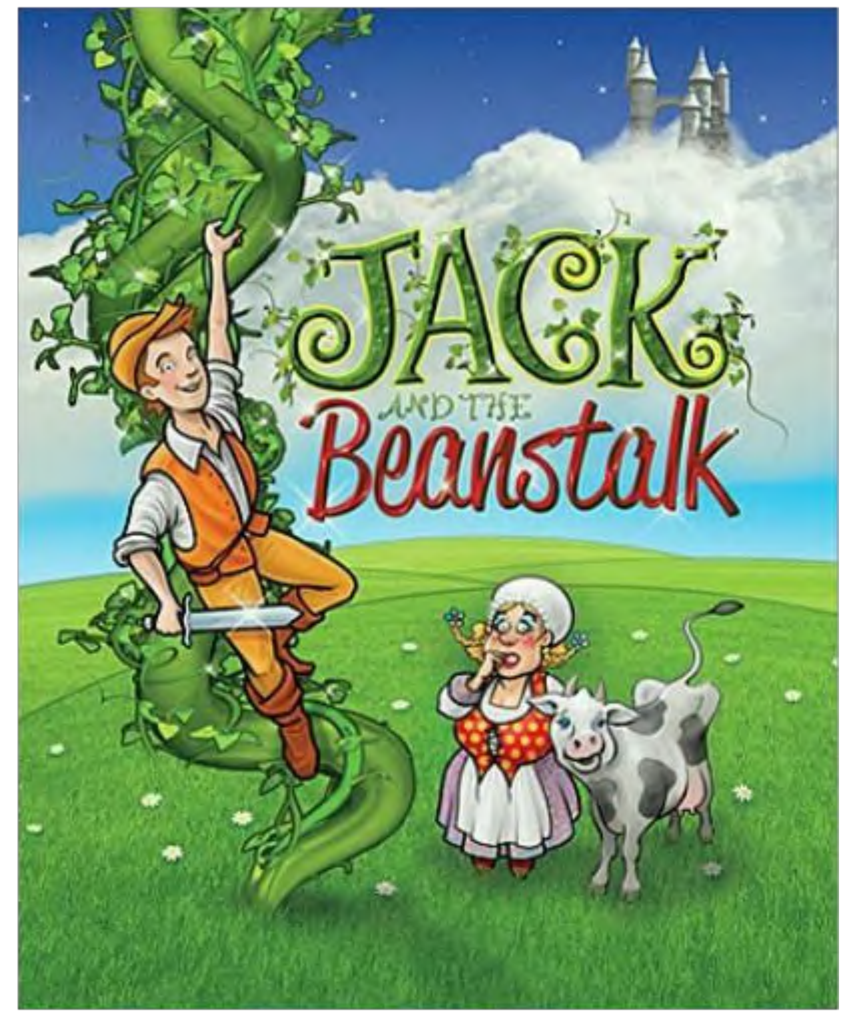
1.النباتات منتجة .تستخدم النباتات الطاقة من الشمس والماء لصنع طعامها .
2.الحشرات والحيوانات مستهلكين .لا يمكنهم صنع طعامهم لذلك يأكلون النباتات والحيوانات الأخرى .
3.عندما تموت الكائنات الحية يوفر الغذاء للمحللات .
4.تقوم المحللات بتنظيف المواد الميتة وإعادتها إلى التربة .
5.تحتاج النباتات إلى هذه المواد لصنع طعامها وبالتالي تبدأ العملية مرة أخرى .هذه العملية تسمى السلسلة الغذائية.



A fairy tale

Jack and the Beanstalk

جاك و شجرة الفاصوليا



Jack is a poor little boy who lives in the forest with his mom. The son and mother live off their cows milk, but one day when the cow doesn't produce any milk, Jack's mom tells him to go sell the cow in the market for money and food. When Jack is on the way to sell the cow he meets a man who says he has magic beans that grow really tall overnight. Jack decides to exchange the cow for the magical beans and when Jack gets home he proudly shows his mother the beans, but she gets becomes very angry with Jack and throws the beans out the window. His mother then sends Jack to bed with no dinner and when Jack wakes up the next morning he realizes that the beans sprouted into a giant beanstalk traveling all the way up to the sky. Jack is curious as to what is up at the top, so he climbs up the beanstalk and walks down the road to find a giant castle. Jack enters the castle and sees a giant women and

asks her for food because he is hasn't eaten since yesterday's lunch. The women gave jack food, but when her child-eating husband comes home Jack hides in the oven. Once the husband falls asleep Jack escapes the oven, steals a bag of gold, and runs out of the house. Jack does this two more times stealing a chicken that poops gold and a gold harp. The last time he travels up the beanstalk the giant husband sees Jack as he is running out of the house with the harp, and chases after him. Once Jack gets down the beanstalk he cuts the beanstalk causing the giant to fall to death.

Math lesson

Decimal fractions

الكسور العشرية

$\frac{1}{10} = 0.1$ $\frac{1}{100} = 0.01$

$\frac{5}{10} = 0.5$ $\frac{5}{100} = 0.05$

$\frac{7}{10} = 0.7$ $\frac{7}{100} = 0.07$

$\frac{9}{10} = 0.9$ $\frac{9}{100} = 0.09$



Homework

1- Fill in the gaps:

(soil – clean – make – decomposers)

When living things die the provide food for ……………………………… . Decomposers ………………………………… the dead materials and give it back to the ……………………………… .

2- Choose the correct answer:

1- Plants are ………………………

a. producers b. consumers c. Decomposers d. death

2. Insects and animals are ………………………

a. producers b. consumers c. Decomposers d. death

3- …………………… clean the dead materials and give it back to the soil.

a. producers b. consumers c. Decomposers d. death

4- Plants use ……………… from the sun and water to make their food.

a. energy b. milk c. seeds d. magic

5- 0.75 is a …………………………

a. division b. multiplication c. Decimal fractions d. addition

6- The thief الحرامي …………………… a bag of gold.

a. buys c. leaves c. steals d. produce

3- Read and answer:

Jack is a poor little boy who lives in the forest with his mom. The son and mother live off their cows milk, but one day when the cow doesn't produce any milk, Jack's mom tells him to go sell the cow in the market for money and food. When Jack is on the way to sell the cow he meets a man who says he has magic beans that grow really tall overnight. Jack decides to exchange the cow for the magical beans.

A) Answer the following questions:

1- jack and mother live off their cows ……………… .

a. milk b. skin c. meat d. wool

2- Jack bought ……………………….. .

a. food b. milk c. magic beans d. cow

3- Jack is a ………………… little boy.

a. rich c. week c. brave d. poor

B) Answer the following questions:

1- Where does Jack live?

……………………………………………………………………………………………………

2- Why do you think Jack exchanged the cow for the magical beans?

……………………………………………………………………………………………………

4- Punctuate the following sentence:

jack gets down the beanstalk

……………………………………………………………………………………………